CENTRAL LIBRARY N.C.COLLEGE

2020/TDC(CBCS)/ODD/SEM/ COMDSC-302T/345

TDC (CBCS) Odd Semester Exam., 2020 held in March, 2021

COMMERCE

(3rd Semester)

Course No.: COMDSC-302T

(Income-tax Law and Practice)

Full Marks: 50
Pass Marks: 20

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—A

Answer any *fifteen* of the following as directed: 1×15=15

- 1. What is previous year?
- 2. What would be the Assessment Year for the Previous Year, 2019–20?
- 3. Give one example of income as per the Income-tax Act, 1961.
- 4. Total Income = Gross Total Income— Deductions under Sections 80C to 80U.

(Write True or False)

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(Turn Over)

(2)

5.	What	is	the	rounding	off	total	income	of
	₹ 1.46.798·50?							

6. Residential status of an individual is dealt with under Section _____ of the Income-Tax Act, 1961.

(Fill in the blank)

- What are the full forms of URPF and PPF?
- Write two fully taxable allowances.
- Write two types of perquisites.
- 10. In case of house rent allowance

Salary = Pay + ____.

(Fill in the blank)

- 11. Whether allowance from UNO is fully exempted on fully taxable allowance?
- 12. Salary in lieu of leave is ____ taxable. (Fill in the blank)
- 13. Self-occupied but vacant house is fully taxable as per the Income-tax Act, 1961.

(Write True or False)

- 14. Write one difference between MRV and FRV.
- 15. What is the rate of standard deduction of self-occupied house?
- 16. Deemed to be let out is treated as _____ house property.

(Fill in the blank)

(Continued)

17. What would be the annual value of the house which is used for assessee's own business in case income from house property?

18. Loss from house property can be set-off from income under any other heads only up to ₹____.

(Fill in the blank)

19. Income of a minor child is always clubbed with the income of the parent.

(Write True or False)

20. Business/profession losses can be set-off against salary income.

(Write True or False)

- **21.** No loss can be set-off against _____ income. (Fill in the blank)
- 22. What is the maximum limit of deduction u/s 80C?
- 23. Deduction u/s 80C is available to ____ and ____ assessee only.

(Fill in the blank)

- 24. What is the maximum amount of total income to get rebate of tax u/s 87A?
- 25. What is the income tax exemption limit for a non-senior individual for the Assessment Year, 2020-21?
- 26. What is the rate of tax on long-term capital gain?

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(Turn Over)

(4)

27. Listed shares held for less than 12 months are short-term capital asset / long-term capital asset.

(Choose the correct answer)

28. Profits earned from an illegal business are not taxable.

(Write True or False)

- 29. What is the full form of GST?
- **30.** Write one example of income which is included in income from other sources.

SECTION—B

Answer any five of the following questions:

2×5=10

- 31. What is Assessment Year?
- **32.** Mention the heads of income as per the Income-tax Act, 1961.
- **33.** Define salary as per the Income-tax Act, 1961.
- 34. Define profit in lieu of salary.
- 35. Define annual value.
- 36. What is unrealised rent?
- 37. What do you mean by the term 'business' as per Section 28 of the Income-tax Act?
- **38.** Define short-term capital gain and long-term capital gain.

- 39. Define casual income.
- 40. Write two saving schemes which are allowed as deduction u/s 80C.

SECTION-C

Answer any five of the following questions:

5×5=25

- 41. Explain the scope of total income on the basis of residential status of an assessee.
- **42.** Write a short note on any *one* of the following:
 - (a) Income
 - (b) PAN
- 43. Explain the different types of salary as per the Income-tax Act, 1961.
- **44.** From the following particulars find out the taxable salary of Mrs. Babita working at Coimbatore [population 11 lakhs]:
 - (i) Salary ₹ 12,000 p.m.
 - (ii) Employer's contribution to employee's RPF—14% of basic salary
 - (iii) DA @ 100% of salary
 - (iv) Rent free accommodation (unfurnished) fair rental value is ₹80,000 p.a. Expenses on maintenance of garden met by employer ₹3,000

- (v) Interest on provident fund balance @ 13% p.a.—₹ 3,900
- (vi) A car (1.4 L capacity) is provided by employer. All expenses are borne by employer. It is used both for performance of duties and private purpose. Car was used by employee for 11 months during the year
- (vii) She paid P. Tax of ₹ 1,200.
- (viii) She received ₹ 500 p.m. as fixed medical allowance
- **45.** Explain the different types of rental values as per the Income-tax Act, 1961.
- **46.** Mr. Barman owns a house at Chennai. Compute his income from house property for the Assessment Year, 2020–21:

FRV—₹ 1,20,000 p.a.

Actual rent—₹12,000 p.m.

MRV—₹ 1,30,000 p.a.

Standard rent-N.A.

Municipal tax—10% of MRV+2% of M.Taxes as sewerage cess

Actual repairs expenses—₹ 12,000

Ground rent—₹ 2,500

Collection charges—₹ 1,200

Interest on loan—₹ 48,000 Vacancy period— Nil

Bonafide unrealised rent of current year—₹ 36,000

Construction of the house started on 1st November, 2015 and he borrowed ₹ 4,00,000 @12% on 1st July, 2016 for the completion of construction. The house was completed on 30th November, 2018 and since then it is let out.

- 47. Give a brief account of incomes which are included in 'income from other sources'.
- **48.** The following is the Profit & Loss A/c of a merchant for the year ending 31-3-2020:

Profit & Loss A/c

		-			
		· ?			₹
То	Office salary	2,06,500	Ву	Gross Profit	4,36,750
p	Bad debts		n	Commission	1,250
	written off	1,700	n	Discounts	500
p	Provision for		p	Sundry Receipts	200
	bad debts	3,000	n	Rent of Building	3,600
22	Advertisement	53,800	30	Profit on sale	
n	Fire Insurance	· ;		of investments	3,000
	premium	550			
	(House prope	rty)			
,,	General		•		
	Expenses	52,750			
n	Deprecation	1,200			
,,	Interest on				
	Capital	2,000			

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» Interest on

Bank loan (due) 1,300

Net Profit 1,22,500 4,45,300

4,45,300

₹

Compute the taxable profits from business. The amount of depreciation is ₹ 1,000. Interest on Bank Loan was paid on 1-8-2020. Due date of filing of return is 31-7-2020.

- **49.** Discuss the procedure for computation of capital gains as prescribed by the Incometax Act, 1961.
- From the following information, calculate total income and tax liability of Mr. Deb:
 Gross Total income ₹ 3,50,250
 His contribution to RPF ₹ 19,800
 Life insurance premium ₹ 1,200
 Interest on savings bank A/C ₹ 12,000
