

**2021/TDC(CBCS)/EVEN/SEM/
PSCSEC-601T/166**

**TDC (CBCS) Even Semester Exam.,
September—2021**

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(6th Semester)

Course No. : PSCSEC-601T

(Conflict and Peace Building)

Full Marks : 50

Pass Marks : 20

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

SECTION—A

Answer as directed any fifteen of the following :

1×15=15

- 1. What is conflict?**
- 2. Mention any one type of conflict.**
- 3. What is the source or origin of the word,
'conflict'?**

(2)

4. Mention any one method of 'conflict resolution'.
 5. Who wrote the book, *Understanding Conflict Resolution*?
 6. What is the main goal of conflict resolution?
 7. Who first coined the term 'ideology'?
 8. Who advocated Fascism?
 9. Who said, "Democracy is a government of the people, by the people and for the people"?
 10. When did the term 'ideology' first make its appearance?
 11. Do you believe that 'Liberalism rejects the idea of total State control'?
- (Write Yes or no)
12. Give one example of 'international conflict'.
 13. Mention one cause of 'water conflict'.
 14. Mention any two ethnic communities in North-East India.

(3)

15. How many States do constitute the North-Eastern region of India?
16. Who wrote the book, *The Clash of Civilization?*
17. Which theory emphasizes interest, rather than norms and values?
18. Is North-East India plural cultural region?
(Write Yes or No)
19. Mention any one type of the site of conflict.
20. Give one example of national conflict in India.
21. Mention any one secessionist group of North-East India.
22. What is meant by structural violence?
23. Mention any one method of perceptual settlement of dispute as provided by the UN Charter.
24. What is 'peace building'?
25. Mention one reason for the coming back of Taliban to power in Afghanistan.

(4)

26. Who coined the term 'peace building'?
27. In which year the UN Peace Building Commission was established?
28. Who wrote the book, *An Agenda for Peace*?
29. What is negative peace?
30. Mention any one threat to international peace.

SECTION—B

Answer any *five* of the following questions : $2 \times 5 = 10$

31. Write any two characteristics of conflict.
32. Write any two points on the importance of conflict resolution.
33. What is meant by conflict of ideology?
34. What was the ideological conflict associated with the Cold War?
35. How does resource cause conflict?
36. Identify any two reasons for ethnic conflict in Manipur.

(5)

37. What is ethnic cleansing?
38. How does caste system affect the socio-cultural unity of India?
39. Why is international peace justified?
40. Mention any two UN Recommendations for peaceful settlement of international disputes.

SECTION—C

Answer any *five* of the following questions : 5×5=25

41. Write in brief the various mechanisms or ways of conflict resolution.
42. Discuss the Thomas-Kilmann's model of resolving conflict.
43. Discuss how the ideological conflict between the USA and the USSR led to the emergence of the Cold War.
44. How does economic disparity result in a situation of conflict? Explain.
45. What is meant by socio-cultural conflict? Discuss in brief the various causes of socio-cultural conflicts in North-East India.

46. Write a note on identity crisis of any ethnic group in North-East India.
47. Write a note on Indo-Pak or Indo-China conflicts.
48. Write in brief the various devices to strengthen national and world peace.
49. What are the main challenges or threats to peace?
50. Explain in brief Galtung's theory of peace building.

★ ★ ★