CENTRAL LIBRARY N.C.COLLEGE 2019/TDC/EVEN/PLSHC-201T/087

Karang Etting ber

TDC (CBCS) Even Semester Exam., 2019

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(2nd Semester)

Course No.: PLSHCC-201T

(Political Theory—Concept and Debates)

Full Marks: 70
Pass Marks: 28

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer all questions

Unit—I

1. Answer any *two* of the following questions:

 $2 \times 2 = 4$

- (a) Define liberty.
- (b) What is 'self' regarding action according to J. S. Mill?
- (c) What is positive conception of rights?

 J9/2209 (Turn Over)

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2. (a) Discuss critically J. S. Mill's view on liberty. Explain briefly the differences between negative liberty and positive liberty.

6+4=10

Or

(b) How does positive freedom lead to self-realization and development of an individual? Discuss.

UNIT--II

3. Answer any two of the following questions:

 $2 \times 2 = 4$

10

- (a) Give one reason why inequality in political sphere is wrong.
- (b) Give one justification for differential treatment to different categories of citizens in public policy.
- (c) Give one reason why redistribution of property is morally wrong.
- 4. (a) What do you mean by equality of opportunity? Discuss the importance of political equality in democracy. 3+7=10

Or

(b) What do you mean by Egalitarianism?

How can a just and egalitarian society
be achieved?

3+7=10

UNIT-III

- **5.** Answer any two of the following questions: $2 \times 2 = 4$
 - (a) What is the second principle of justice according to Rawls?
 - (b) Write one criticism against the concept of distributive justice.
 - (c) Is global justice a mere slogan? Give one reason.
- 6. (a) Discuss critically Rawls' theory of justice.

Or.

(b) What do you mean by global justice?
What is its relevance in this era of globalization?
3+7=10

UNIT---IV

7. Answer any two of the following questions:

 $2 \times 2 = 4$

(a) Write one argument in defence of right to private property.

J9/2209

(Continued)

J9/**2209**

(Turn Over)

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- (b) Mention two moral rights.
- (c) Write a brief note on right to environment.
- **8.** (a) Discuss critically John Locke's theory of natural rights.

Or

(b) What are the three types of generations of rights? Explain them elaborately.3+7=10

Unit---V

9. Answer any two of the following questions:

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2×2=4

10

- (a) Define culture.
- (b) What is the role of culture in identity formation?
- (c) What do you mean by universality of basic rights?
- 10. (a) What do you mean by human rights?

 Explain how cultural relativism conflicts
 universalism.

 3+7=10

Or

(b) What do you mean by multiculturalism?

Discuss how ethnic minorities are accommodated and tolerated in a country like India.

3+7=10

CENTRAL LIBRARY N.C.COLLEGE 2019/TDC/EVEN/PLSHC-202T/088

TDC (CBCS) Even Semester Exam., 2019

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(2nd Semester)

Course No.: PLSHCC-202T

(Political Process in India)

Full Marks: 70
Pass Marks: 28

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

UNIT-I

1. Answer any two of the following:

2×2=4

- (a) Mention two features of the Indian Party System.
- (b) Name two regional political parties of India.
- (c) Write two features of 'Coalition Politics' in India.

J9/2210

(Turn Over)

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2. (a) Identify the major drawbacks of Indian
Party System. How can these drawbacks
be addressed? 7+3=10

Or Land

(b) What is a Regional Political Party?

Discuss the main factors responsible for the growth of regional political parties in India.

3+7=10

UNIT—II

- 3. Answer any two of the following: $2 \times 2 = 4$
 - (a) Explain how regionalism can be an important determinant of voting behaviour in India.
 - (b) State how income and occupational status of a voter are important factors in voting behaviour in India.
 - (c) Do you think that Religion is one of the major factors in voting behaviour in India? Explain briefly.
- 4. (a) What do you mean by Voting Behaviour? Discuss briefly the role of class, gender and religion as major determinants of voting behaviour in India.

 3+7=10

Or

(b) What do you mean by Caste? Discuss the role of Caste as a determinant of Voting Behaviour in India. 3+7=10

UNIT—III

- 5. Answer any two of the following: $2\times2=4$
 - (a) What has been Government of India's approach to regional diversity and regional aspirations?
 - (b) Name two Secessionist groups of the North-East that demanded independence from India.
 - (c) How do 'Secessionist' demands differ from the demands for autonomy?
- 6. (a) What is Regionalism? Discuss the main factors responsible for the growth of regionalism in India.

 3+7=10

Or

(b) What is Secessionism? Write a brief account of secessionist movements in India since Independence. 3+7=10

J9/2210

(Turn Over)

(5)

UNIT-IV

- 7. Answer any two of the following: $2\times 2=4$
 - (a) Mention two features of Secularism.
 - (b) Mention two provisions of the Constitution of India relating to Secularism.
 - (c) Suggest two measures to solve the problem of Communalism in India.
- 8. (a) What is Secularism? Discuss the main features of Indian Secularism. Point out two main criticisms against Indian model of Secularism. 3+5+2=10

Or

(b) What is Communalism? Discuss the causes for the growth of Communalism in India. 3+7=10

UNIT---V

- **9.** Answer any *two* of the following: $2 \times 2 = 4$
 - (a) When was Mandal Commission appointed? What was its main recommendation?

- (b) What do you mean by Women Empowerment?
- (c) Mention any two points reflected in National Policy for Empowerment of Women, 2001.
- 10. (a) Do you find any distinction between 'Caste in Politics' and 'Politicisation of Caste' in the context of politics in India since Independence? What role does 'Caste' play in Indian politics? 2+8=10

Or

(b) What is Affirmative Action Policy?

Discuss Affirmative Action Policies in
India in respect of Scheduled Castes
and Tribes.

4+6=10

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