

**2022/TDC (CBCS)/EVEN/SEM/  
HISHCC-402T/300**

**TDC (CBCS) Even Semester Exam., 2022**

**HISTORY**

**( Honours )**

**( 4th Semester )**

Course No. : HISHCC-402T

**[ History of India—V (C 1550-1605) ]**

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 28

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

**SECTION—A**

Answer any *ten* of the following questions :  $2 \times 10 = 20$

1. Name two important works of Abul Fazl.
2. By whom was *Tabaqat-i-Akbari* composed? In how many parts was the work divided?

( 2 )

3. Name two notable poets of Hindu literature during Akbar's reign.
4. In which year was the First Battle of Panipat fought? Who emerged victorious in the battle?
5. Name two predecessors of Akbar.
6. What is cannon?
7. What is 'Zabti' system?
8. Mention two groups which revolted against Akbar.
9. Between whom was the Battle of Haldighat fought?
10. Name two Rajput nobles who rose to the highest rank during the reign of Akbar.
11. State two effects of the Conquest of Gujarat.
12. Name two Shia kingdoms of the Deccan.
13. Who was Todar Mal?
14. State two trade routes during the Mughal period.
15. Name two important ports located in the Western Coast of India during the time of Akbar.

( 3 )

SECTION—B

Answer any *five* of the following questions :

10×5=50

16. Give an account of the contribution of Persian literary sources on Mughal history.
17. Form an estimate of the growth and development of vernacular literature during the Mughal age.
18. Review the political condition of India on the eve of Babur's invasion.
19. Make a critical assessment of the administrative system of Sher Shah.
20. Discuss the tactics and technology used by Akbar against his opponents during military campaigns.
21. Give an account of Mansabdari system.
22. Why did Akbar incorporate Rajputs and other indigenous groups in Mughal nobility?

( 4 )

23. Evaluate the Deccan policy of Akbar.
24. Form an estimate of the revenue system of Akbar.
25. Write a descriptive note on trade routes and the pattern of internal commerce during the reign of Akbar.

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