2022/TDC(CBCS)/EVEN/SEM/ CHMHCC-201T/336

TDC (CBCS) Even Semester Exam., 2022

CHEMISTRY

(Honours)

(2nd Semester)

Course No.: CHMHCC-201T

(Organic Chemistry—I)

Full Marks: 50
Pass Marks: 20

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION-A

Answer any ten questions:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$.

- 1. Write IUPAC names of the following compounds: 1+1=2
 - (a) HO—CH₂—CH—COOH NH₂
 - (b) CH₃COCH₂COOC₂H₅

22J/1100

(Turn Over)

- 2. Arrange the following as directed: 1+1=2
 - (a) NH₂, OH⁻, RO⁻, RCOO⁻ (increasing basicity)
 - (b) $C_6H_5\overset{\oplus}{C}H_2$, $C_6H_5CH_2\overset{\oplus}{C}H_2$, $C_6H_5\overset{\oplus}{C}HCH_3$, $C_6H_5\overset{\oplus}{C}(CH_3)_2$, (increasing stability)
- 3. Define electrophiles and nucleophiles with examples. 1+1=2
- 4. Write the structures and IUPAC names of structural isomers of pentane.
- 5. What is Wurtz-Fittig reaction? Give one example.
- 6. State 'Markownikoff's rule' and give one example.
- 7. Classify the following as aromatic, antiaromatic and non-aromatic:



8. Why does benzene undergo electrophilic substitution reaction instead of electrophilic addition reaction?

9. Complete the following reaction:

$$\begin{array}{c}
O_3 \\
\hline
\end{array}
? \\
\xrightarrow{Zn/H_2O}
?$$

- 10. Define 'diastereomers' with example.
- **11.** Assign R, S configuration to the following Fisher projections: 1+1=2

(a)
$$H = \begin{array}{c} NH_2 \\ C_2H_5 \end{array}$$

- 12. Why is racemic mixture optically inactive?
- 13. Draw the highest and lowest energy conformation of cyclohexane.
- 14. Calculate the angle strain of cyclopropane and cyclohexane (planar). 1+1=2
- 15. Write a short note on Sachse-Mohr theory of stainless ring.

SECTION-B

Answer any five questions:

6×5=30

3

- 16. (a) What are carbenes? How are thev formed? Give two reactions shown by 1+1+1=3 carbenes.
 - (b) Explain why phenol is more acidic than methanol. 11/2
 - Carbanion is sp³-hybridized whereas carbocation is sp²-hybridized. Why? 11/2
- 17. (a) Complete the following reaction and write the mechanism:

$$+$$
 conc. HNO₃ + conc. H₂SO₄ \longrightarrow

- Give one example each of-
 - (i) nucleophilic substitution reaction;
 - (ii) electrophilic addition reaction;
 - (iii) rearrangement reaction. 1+1+1=3
- Write the mechanism of reaction 1**8.** (a) involved in allylic bromination of propene. 21/2

(b) Identify A, B, C and D:

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- (i) CH₃CH=CH₂ $\xrightarrow{B_2H_6}$ $A \xrightarrow{H_2O_2/OH} B$
- (ii) $HC = CH + H_2O \xrightarrow{H_2SO_4} C$
- (iii) $C_6H_5CH=CH_2 \xrightarrow{O_3} D$
- Write a short note on Diels-Alder 11/2 reaction.
- 19. (a) What is Corey-House synthesis? How will you prepare propane by this 1+2=3 method?
 - Write the major product of the reaction and write the mechanism. 1+2=3

$$H_3C$$
— C — CH = CH_2 + HCl — \rightarrow
 CH_3

- Give the mechanism of Friedel-Crafts acylation reaction of benzene. Why is nitrobenzene a good solvent for Friedel-Crafts reaction? 3+1=4
 - How will you prepare the following from benzene? 1+1=2
 - (i) Benzene hexachloride
 - (ii) p-nitrotoluene

(7)

- **21.** (a) Write one method for the preparation of naphthalene.
 - (b) Explain why—
 - (i) naphthalene is more reactive than benzene;
 - (ii) 9-position of anthracene is more reactive than any other position.

 1½+1½=3
- 22. (a) Explain the term 'resolution'. Discuss one method for the resolution of racemic mixture. 1+3=4
 - (b) Write a short note on asymmetric synthesis.
- 23. (a) The presence of a chiral carbon (C) is not a necessary condition for showing optical activity. Explain with example.
 - (b) Assign E and Z notations for the following compounds: 1+1=2

(c) Draw the structure (Newman projection) of meso-tartaric acid.

- 24. Discuss the Baeyer's strain theory. What are its limitations? 4+2=6
- **25.** (a) Draw different conformations of *n*-butane and show their relative stability in energy diagram.
 - (b) Chair conformation of cyclohexane is more stable than boat conformation. Explain.

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