

**2021/TDC/CBCS/ODD/
POLDSE-501T (A/B)/192**

**TDC (CBCS) Odd Semester Exam., 2021
held in March, 2022**

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(5th Semester)

Course No. : POLDSE-501T

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 28

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Honours Students have to answer from Option—A
and Pass Students will answer from Option—B

OPTION—A

(For Honours Students)

Course No. : POLDSE-501T (A)

(India's Foreign Policy in Globalizing World)

SECTION—A

Answer any *ten* of the following questions : $2 \times 10 = 20$

1. Write a brief note about foreign policy making process in India.

(2)

2. Discuss India's role in uniting the Global South Countries.
3. Write a brief note on India's role in the NAM.
4. Discuss any two vital areas of co-operation between the former USSR and India.
5. Write a brief note about India's Cold War Period Policy towards the USA.
6. Examine India's foreign policy priorities towards Russia.
7. Write a brief note about India and China, conflict.
8. Discuss India's stand on South China Sea dispute.
9. Examine India's Act East policy.
10. Identify any two significant causes for the wide spread poverty in the South Asian region.
11. Examine the reasons for growing religious extremism in the South Asian region.

(3)

12. Write a brief note about the causes for the failure of regional organization such as SAARC to achieve its aims and objectives.
13. Study the main reasons for Taliban capturing the State power in Afghanistan.
14. Discuss India's stand on environment movement.
15. Discuss the impact of globalization on India's economy.

SECTION—B

Answer any *five* of the following questions : 10×5=50

16. Discuss the main features of India's foreign policy during Nehru period.
17. Analyze India's post-Cold War era foreign policy priorities.
18. Analyze India's post-Cold War era foreign policy towards the US.
19. Study the significant priorities in India's foreign policy towards the former USSR.

20. Discuss Indo-China relations in the Cold War era.
21. Study the main areas of co-operation between India and China.
22. Write a detailed essay on India's role in the SAARC as a regional organization.
23. Write a detailed essay on South Asian region countries' problems.
24. Analyze India's commitments for the world environment protection.
25. Write a detailed essay about India's foreign policy priorities in the multipolar world order.

OPTION—B

(For Pass Students)

Course No. : POLDSC-501T (B)

(Themes in Comparative Political Theory)

SECTION—A

Answer any *twenty* of the following questions :

1×20=20

1. Who was the chief exponent of Dharma-shastra tradition?
2. Who was the author of *Arthashastra*?
3. Who was the father of ancient Indian political thought?
4. Who wrote *Republic*?
5. Who wrote *Ain-i-Akbari*?
6. Name the greatest work of Aristotle.
7. Which rights are natural according to John Locke?
8. Name one book written by Rousseau.

(6)

9. Who is the father of liberalism?
10. Who is the father of French Revolution?
11. Who wrote the book, *On Liberty*?
12. Who suggested plural voting?
13. Who wrote the book, *The Communist Manifesto*?
14. Who is the father of Anarchism?
15. "Over himself, over his own body and mind, the individual is sovereign." Who said this?
16. Who said, "Swaraj is my birth-right"?
17. Name the title of Gandhi's autobiography.
18. In which book did Gandhi elaborate his ideas on Swaraj?
19. Which political thinker is compared with Machiavelli?
20. How many types of Mitras were mentioned by Kautilya?
21. Who was the Chairman of the Drafting Committee of the Indian Constitution?

(7)

22. Who wrote *The Discovery of India*?
23. Did Ambedkar support caste system?
24. Who was Pandita Ramabai?
25. What is Patriarchy?

SECTION—B

Answer any *five* of the following questions : 2×5=10

26. Mention two features of Indian political thought.
27. Name two early feminists in Western political thought.
28. Name the classes of persons excluded from Aristotle's citizenship.
29. What was the condition of man in Rousseau's state of nature?
30. How did Mill distinguish between self and other regarding actions of an individual?
31. Mention two differences between Marx and Bakunin.

(8)

32. Mention any two elements of the State identified by Kautilya.
33. What do you mean by 'Swaraj'?
34. Mention the names of two major works of Ramabai.
35. Mention different kinds of inequalities identified by Ram Manohar Lohia.

SECTION—C

Answer any *five* of the following questions :

8×5=40

36. Discuss the features of ancient political thought.
37. Write a note on the distinctive features of modern Indian political thought.
38. State and criticize Aristotle's theory of citizenship.
39. What are the Natural Rights according to Locke? How did his theory of Natural Rights influence Western political thought? 2+6=8
40. Discuss J. S. Mill's views on Liberty.

(9)

41. Discuss Marx's views on 'State'.
42. Explain Kautilya's views on origin and nature of the State.
43. Discuss Tilak's views on 'Swaraj'.
44. Write a note on Jayaprakash Narayan's views on democracy.
45. Discuss Ambedkar's views on social justice.

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**2021/TDC/CBCS/ODD/
POLSEC-501T/195**

**TDC (CBCS) Odd Semester Exam., 2021
held in March, 2022**

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(5th Semester)

Course No. : POLSEC-501T

(Democratic Awareness and Legal Literacy)

Full Marks : 50

Pass Marks : 20

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

SECTION—A

Answer any fifteen questions : 1×15=15

- 1. What is the motto of the National Legal Literacy Mission in India?**
- 2. Which court stands at the apex of the Indian judicial hierarchy?**
- 3. What is a writ?**

(2)

4. What is juvenile court?
5. Which Article of the Constitution of India guarantees 'six freedoms'?
6. Which amendment has omitted the Right to Property from the list of Fundamental Rights?
7. Which writ is issued by the court to transfer a case from a lower court to a higher court?
8. Which Articles of the Indian Constitution deal with Fundamental Duties?
9. Define Bail.
10. Write the full form of IPC.
11. What is meant by juvenile justice?
12. What is Zero FIR?
13. According to the Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961, what is the punishment for demanding and accepting or giving and taking dowry?
14. Who appoints Dowry Prohibition Officer?
15. In which year was the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act passed?

22J/993

(Continued)

(3)

16. Which Section of IPC provides for punishment for the offence of rape?
17. Who is a consumer?
18. How many rights does a consumer have under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986?
19. Name the highest consumer court in India.
20. Which law is also known as the Indian Cyber Act or the Internet law?

SECTION—B

Answer any *five* of the following questions : 2×5=10

21. Define judicial review.
22. What is the need for legal literacy?
23. Why are Fundamental Rights called 'fundamental'?
24. Mention any two features of PIL.
25. Distinguish between bailable offence and non-bailable offence.
26. Point out any two features of CrPC, 1973.

22J/993

(Turn Over)

(4)

27. Mention any two provisions of the Dowry Prohibition Act.
28. What is meant by domestic violence?
29. Mention two benefits of the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.
30. Point out two steps to prevent cyber crime.

SECTION—C

Answer any *five* of the following questions : 5×5=25

31. Discuss briefly the features of Indian judiciary.
32. Briefly discuss the system of civil courts in India with their jurisdictions.
33. Explain any five characteristics of Fundamental Rights.
34. Examine the significance of PIL.
35. Briefly discuss the provisions relating to arrest.
36. Write a note on juvenile justice.

(5)

37. Discuss the major steps to eradicate dowry system.
38. In case of sexual harassment at the workplace, what are the steps to be taken by the victim and concerned authorities to get the justice?
39. Write a note on the RTI Act, 2005.
40. Briefly discuss the provisions of the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.

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**2021/TDC/CBCS/ODD/
POLGE-501T/194**

**TDC (CBCS) Odd Semester Exam., 2021
held in March, 2022**

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(5th Semester)

Course No. : POLGE-501T

(Introduction to Political Theory)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 28

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

SECTION—A

Answer any *twenty* of the following as directed :

1×20=20

1. Who defined "Politics as the study of the State in the past, the present and the future"?
2. Which theory regards politics as 'a struggle for power among nations'?

(2)

3. Who wrote *A Grammar of Politics*?
4. Who said, "Political theory is concerned with what is really going on in the political world"?
5. Empirical political theory is based on 'facts'.
(Write True or False)
6. Who said, "Voice of the people is the voice of God"?
7. Which day is known as the International Day of Democracy?
8. Who wrote *On Liberty*?
9. What is gender equality?
10. Who said, "Kings should maintain justice by punishing the wrong doers and rewarding the virtuous"?
11. Who wrote *Citizenship and Social Class*?
12. Which declaration is known as the 'Magna Carta of Mankind'?
13. Who first used the term 'state'?

(3)

14. Who regarded the State as 'almighty'?
15. Which school of thought identifies civil society with bourgeois society?
16. Name the country which had 'controlled democracy'.
17. What is Lee thesis?
18. What is the origin of the word 'censorship'?
19. Did Plato suggest censorship of art and literature?
20. Who remarked about the erstwhile USSR that it was 'behind an Iron Curtain'?
21. What is protective discrimination?
22. Who has termed justice as 'fairness'?
23. Article 17 of the Indian Constitution declares the practice of untouchability as a legal offence.
(Write True or False)
24. Who described family as the 'first society'?
25. What is dowry?

(4)

SECTION—B

Answer any *five* of the following questions : $2 \times 5 = 10$

26. What is the modern meaning of politics?
27. Write two points about the importance of political theory.
28. Write any two principles of social justice.
29. What are the two basic principles of John Rawls' theory of justice?
30. What is the most essential element of the State?
31. Point out two differences between negative rights and positive rights.
32. Mention any two types of censorship.
33. Name two Asian Tiger Economies.
34. Write two provisions of the Indian Constitution regarding the protection of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes.
35. Mention two legal provisions for the protection of women.

(5)

SECTION—C

Answer any *five* of the following questions : $8 \times 5 = 40$

36. What is politics? What is the importance of the study of politics? $3+5=8$
37. Discuss the nature and scope of political theory. $3+5=8$
38. What is democracy? Mention five conditions for the success of democracy. $3+5=8$
39. Define equality. Explain the relationship between political liberty and economic equality. $3+5=8$
40. What is citizenship? How can citizenship be acquired and lost? $2+3+3=8$
41. What is civil society? Explain the relationship between the Civil society and the State. $3+5=8$
42. Define economic growth. Is democracy compatible with economic growth? Give reasons in support of your answer. $2+6=8$

(6)

43. What is censorship? Give arguments for and against censorship. 2+3+3=8.
44. What do you mean by 'principles of fairness'? Do you think protective discrimination is consistent with the principles of fairness? Give arguments in support of your answer. 3+5=8
45. "State intervention is necessary to end domestic violence against women." Explain. 8

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