

**2024/FYUG/EVEN/SEM/
HISDSC-151T/057**

FYUG Even Semester Exam., 2024

HISTORY

(2nd Semester)

Course No. : HISDSC-151T

(History of Early Medieval India)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 28

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

SECTION—A

Answer any ten questions of the following : $2 \times 10 = 20$

- 1. In how many groups were the Chalukyas divided? Where was the earliest Chalukya capital located?**
- 2. Who was the founder of the Chalukya dynasty? Name the greatest ruler of the dynasty.**
- 3. Name two Rashtrakuta rulers.**

(2)

4. Name two political rivals of the Pallavas.
5. Which Chalukya ruler did invade Pallava country? Name the Pallava ruler defeated by him.
6. Name two South Indian States visited by Hiuen Tsang.
7. Which religion was patronized by the Pala kings? Name the missionary who went to Tibet during the Pala period.
8. Name the Buddhist centers of learning developed during the Pala period.
9. Mention two titles adopted by the Sena rulers.
10. Name two Rajput dynasties.
11. Who was the greatest ruler of the Pratihara dynasty? How was he described by the Arab traveller Sulaiman?
12. Name two rulers of Gahadvala dynasty.
13. Which ruler of Sind was defeated by the Arabs and when?

(3)

14. Name two Indian rulers defeated by Sultan Mahmud.
15. Who was Prithviraj Chouhan?

SECTION—B

Answer any *five* questions of the following : 10×5=50

16. Make an estimate of the political achievements of Pulakeshi II.
17. Write a note on the contribution of Rashtrakuta dynasty to Indian art and culture.
18. Make an estimate of political activities of Mahendravarman.
19. Write a note on the administrative system of the Cholas.
20. Draw a picture of the political achievements of Dharmapala.
21. Write a note on the significance of the Sena Rule.
22. What do you know about the origin of the Rajputs?

- 23.** Make an assessment of the administrative system of the Pratiharas.
- 24.** Give a description of Indian invasions of Sultan Mahmud.
- 25.** Give an account of Arab conquest of Sind.

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