

**2024/TDC (CBCS)/EVEN/SEM/  
PHSHCC-601T/095**

**TDC (CBCS) Even Semester Exam., 2024**

**PHYSICS**

**( 6th Semester )**

**Course No. : PSHCC-601T**

**( Electromagnetic Theory )**

Full Marks : 50

Pass Marks : 20

**Time : 3 hours**

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

**UNIT—I**

**1. Answer any two of the following questions :**

**2×2=4**

- (a) What is displacement current density?  
Is it linked with the motion of free charges?
- (b) Mention the advantage and disadvantage of Coulomb gauge.
- (c) State Poynting theorem.

( 2 )

2. Answer *either* [(a) and (b)] or [(c) and (d)] : 6
- (a) Write down Maxwell's equations of electromagnetism. 2
- (b) Explain the physical significance of each equation. 4
- (c) What do you mean by scalar and vector potentials? 2
- (d) Explain gauge transformation. Discuss Lorentz gauge. 2+2=4

## UNIT—II

3. Answer any *two* of the following questions : 2×2=4
- (a) Show that wave impedance of free space is  $120 \pi \Omega$ .
- (b) Mention two characteristics of plasma.
- (c) What is Van Allen radiation belt?
4. Answer *either* [(a) and (b)] or [(c) and (d)] : 6
- (a) Starting from Maxwell's equations, show that in a dielectric medium—
- $$(i) \nabla^2 \vec{E} = \mu \epsilon \frac{\partial^2 \vec{E}}{\partial t^2}$$
- $$(ii) \nabla^2 \vec{H} = \mu \epsilon \frac{\partial^2 \vec{H}}{\partial t^2} \quad 2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2} = 5$$

( 3 )

- (b) What is the relation between refractive index and dielectric constant? 1
- (c) What do you mean by skin depth? Calculate the frequency at which the skin depth in sea water is 1 m. (Given,  $\sigma = 4.3 \text{ mho m}^{-1}$  and  $\mu = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ H m}^{-1}$ ) 2+2=4
- (d) Explain relaxation time. 2

## UNIT—III

5. Answer any *two* of the following questions : 2×2=4
- (a) State the laws of reflection of electromagnetic waves.
- (b) Explain total internal reflection.
- (c) What is an evanescent wave?
6. Answer *either* (a) or (b) : 6
- (a) Derive Fresnel's formulae for reflection and refraction of electromagnetic waves at a plane boundary separating two dielectric media when the incident wave is polarized with  $\vec{E}$  perpendicular to the plane of incidence. 6

( 4 )

- (b) Define reflection and transmission coefficients. What is the sum of reflection and transmission coefficients? State Brewster's law of polarization. Mention one practical application of Brewster's law.  $2+1+2+1=6$

## UNIT—IV

7. Answer any *two* of the following questions :

 $2 \times 2 = 4$ 

- (a) State the differences between uniaxial and biaxial crystals.  
 (b) Explain double refraction.  
 (c) Mention two uses of Babinet compensator.

8. Answer either (a) or (b) :

6

- (a) Describe the construction of Nicol prism. Discuss the action of Nicol prism as a polariser.  $3+3=6$   
 (b) What is a quarter-wave plate? How can it be used to produce circularly polarized light? Calculate the thickness of quarter wave plate for light of wavelength 5893 Å. (Given,  $\mu_o = 1.544$ ,  $\mu_e = 1.553$ )  $2+2+2=6$

( 5 )

## UNIT—V

9. Answer any *two* of the following questions :

 $2 \times 2 = 4$ 

- (a) What do you mean by wave guide?  
 (b) Mention two advantages of wave guide.  
 (c) Distinguish between single and multiple mode optical fibres.

10. Answer either [(a) and (b)] or [(c) and (d)] : 6

- (a) Distinguish between group velocity and phase velocity of guided waves. 3  
 (b) Find the relationship between phase velocity and group velocity. 3  
 (c) Obtain expression for numerical aperture of an optical fibre. 4  
 (d) Numerical aperture of an optical fibre is 0.5 and core refractive index is 1.48. Find the cladding refractive index. 2

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