# 2024/FYUG/EVEN/SEM/ PHYDSC-151T/026

# FYUG Even Semester Exam., 2024

## **PHYSICS**

(2nd Semester)

Course No.: PHYDSC-151T

( Electricity and Magnetism )

Full Marks: 70
Pass Marks: 28

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

### SECTION—A

Answer any ten of the following questions:  $2\times10=20$ 

- What is the unit of electric flux? When do we consider electric flux to be positive and when do we consider it to be negative?
  1+1=2
- 2. State uniqueness theorem.
- 3. Write down the conditions of stable and unstable equilibrium for a dipole placed in a uniform electric field.

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- **4.** Define capacitance. On what factors does capacitance depend? 1+1=2
- 5. Define dielectric constant of a material. Give two examples of any dielectric material. 1+1=2
- **6.** Define electric displacement vector  $\vec{D}$ . What types of charges are associated with  $\vec{D}$ ? 1+1=2
- 7. What is a magnetic dipole? Define dipole moment. 1+1=2
- 8. What is a toroid? What are toroids used for? 1+1=2
- 9. Write the expression of torque acting on a current loop placed in a uniform magnetic field. Name all the parameters involved in the above equation.

  1+1=2
- 10. What is thermoelectricity? Mention two applications of Seeback effect. 1+1=2
- 11. State the law of intermediate temperature.
- 12. Write two differences between Peltier effect and Thomson effect.
- 13. What is meant by impedance and reactance of a.c. circuits?

- 14. What is quality factor? State the relation between Q-factor and bandwidth.
- **15.** Define current sensitivity and charge sensitivity of a ballistic galvanometer. 2

### SECTION-B.

Answer any five of the following questions: 10×5=50

- 16. (a) For a uniformly charged sphere of charge density  $\rho$ , find the expression of electric field intensity at a point outside the sphere and also at a point inside the sphere in terms of  $\rho$ . Also draw the graph showing the variation of E with distance for both the expressions. 4+1=
  - (b) An electric field is given by

$$\vec{E} = 6xy\hat{i} + (3x^2 - 3y^2)\hat{j}$$

Find  $\overrightarrow{\nabla} \cdot \overrightarrow{E}$  and  $\overrightarrow{\nabla} \times \overrightarrow{E}$ . Is it a possible electrostatic field? 2+2+1=5

17. (a) Show that electric field can be expressed as negative gradient of potential. What is the meaning of -ve sign appearing in the equation  $\vec{E} = -\vec{\nabla}V$ ?

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(b)	If the electrostatic potential in a region
	is expressed as $V = 2x + 3y - z$ , obtain
	the expression of electric field strength.

- 18. (a) Explain the principle of working of a capacitor.
  - (b) What is electrical potential energy?

    Derive an expression of electrostatic energy for a uniformly charged non-conducting sphere of radius R. 2+5=7
- 19. (a) Deduce the relation  $\vec{D} = \varepsilon_0 \vec{E} + \vec{P}$ . Draw the field lines associated with  $\vec{D}$ ,  $\varepsilon_0 \vec{E}$  and  $\vec{P}$ .
  - (b) Deduce Gauss' law in dielectrics. 5
- 20. (a) State Biot-Savart law. Write it in vector form. 2+1=3
  - (b) Find the expression of magnetic field intensity at a point due to a long straight current carrying wire. Whether such magnetic field encircles the conductor?

    6+1=7
- 21. (a) State and prove Ampere's circuital law. 3
  - (b) What is Helmholtz coil? Show that the rate of change of magnetic field at a point midway between two current-carrying co-axial coils is constant. 2+5=7

- 22. (a) Explain the variation of thermo-emf with temperature in detail. In this connection, define inversion temperature and neutral temperature. 3+2=5
  - (b) What is meant by thermoelectric power?

    Explain thermoelectric power diagram in detail.

    1+4=5
- 23. (a) Describe how you can determine Peltier coefficient experimentally.
  - (b) Applying thermodynamic considerations to the working of a thermocouple, show that  $\pi = T \frac{de}{dT}$ , where symbols have their own meanings.
- 24. (a) Derive an expression for average power in series LCR circuit connected to a.c. supply.
  - (b) Derive an expression for resonant frequency of series resonant circuit.

    What will be the effect of resonant current if R is replaced by 2R? 5+1=6
- 25. (a) State and prove Thevenin's theorem.

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(b) Calculate the current flowing through the  $6\Omega$  resistance using Thevenin's theorem:

