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2024/TDC (CBCS)/EVEN/SEM/ PLSDSE-601T (A/B)/253

TDC (CBCS) Even Semester Exam., 2024

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(6th Semester)

Course No.: PLSDSE-601T).

Full Marks: 70
Pass Marks: 28

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Candidates have to answer from either Option—A or Option—B

OPTION-A

Course No.: PLSDSE-601T (A)

(Development Process and Social Movements in Contemporary India)

Unit-I

- 1. Answer any two from the following questions: 2×2=4
 - (a) What type of planning was introduced in India after Independence? When was the Planning Commission set up?

(Turn Over)

- (b) What is the full form of LPG? Who introduced LPG model of development in India?
- (c) When was the First Five-Year Plan started? On which subject the highest priority was given in it?
- 2. Answer any one from the following questions:
 - (a) Discuss the objectives and significance of planning in India.
 - (b) Discuss the impacts of liberalization on Indian economy.

UNIT-II

- 3. Answer any two from the following questions: 2×2=4
 - (a) What was the base of New Economic Policy?
 - (b) What is the basic difference between Nehruvian and Gandhian model of development?
 - (c) What is the main purpose of strategy in developing countries?

- **4.** Answer any *one* from the following questions:
 - (a) Why did India adopt mixed economy and how did it help to resolve the problem? 5+5=10
 - (b) Briefly discuss the rise of New Middle
 Class in India and its changing
 structure. 6+4=10

UNIT-III

- **5.** Answer any *two* from the following questions: 2×2=4
 - (a) Mention two scopes of Land Reform.
 - (b) Write two impacts of Agrarian Crisis on farmers.
 - (c) In which year was the Green Revolution launched? Who founded the Green Revolution in India?
- **6.** Answer any *one* from the following questions:
 - (a) Explain the causes of Land Reform and its impact on Indian farmers. 5+5=10
 - (b) How did the Green Revolution help to solve the Agrarian Crisis in India?

(4)

(5)

UNIT---IV

- 7. Answer any two from the following questions: 2×2=4
 - (a) Name two policies taken by the government to solve the Tribal Movement.
 - (b) Write two impacts of Peasant Movement in India.
 - (c) What is the central idea of Feminism? When was Women Movement first started?
- **8.** Answer any *one* from the following questions:
 - (a) What do you mean by social movement?

 Briefly discuss the history of Dalit

 Movement in our country.

 5+5=10
 - (b) Explain the causes and consequences of any two Peasant Movements in India.

 4+6=10

Unit-V

- **9.** Answer any *two* from the following questions: 2×2=4
 - (a) Who started the Civil Rights Movement in India and when?
 - (b) Name two major leaders in the early Civil Rights Movement in India.
 - (c) Name two Maoist challenges in India.
- **10.** Answer any *one* from the following questions:
 - (a) Explain the causes and consequences of Civil Rights Movement. 4+6=10
 - (b) Discuss the significant features of the Cultural Revolution as expounded by Mao Tse-Tung.

(7)

OPTION-B

Course No.: PLSDSE-601T (B)

(Administration and Public Policy : Concepts and Theories 1

UNIT-I

- 1. Answer any four from the following questions: $1 \times 4 = 4$
 - (a) What is the meaning of the word 'administration'?
 - Who wrote Politics and Administration? *(b)*
 - (c) What is the full form of PPP?
 - Who defined Public Administration as "detailed and systematic execution of public law"?
 - Who is known as the father of Comparative Public Administration?
- 2. Answer any one from the following questions: 2
 - (a) Mention any two differences between Public Administration and Private Administration.
 - 'P' and 'O' in the POSDCORB stand for _ and ___. (Fill in the blanks)

- from the following 3. Answer any one questions:
 - Discuss the evolution of Public Administration as a discipline.
 - Discuss the meaning, scope and significance of Public Administration.

2+2+4=8

8

UNIT-II

- four from the following 4. Answer any $1 \times 4 = 4$ questions:
 - (a) Who is the chief exponent of decisionmaking theory?
 - (b) With which experiment was Elton Mayo associated?
 - (c) Who wrote The Principles of Scientific Management?
 - (d) Which theory of organization is known as Taylorism?
 - Who wrote Administrative Behaviour?

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(Turn Over)

5.	Answer	any	one	from	the	following	
	question					J	

- (a) Mention any two principles of Scientific Management theory.
- (b) Name two exponents of classical approach to Public Administration.
- **6.** Answer any *one* from the following questions:
 - (a) Examine critically the Human Relation theory of organization.
 - (b) Examine the principles of classical theory of organization to the study of Public Administration.

UNIT-III

- 7. Answer any four from the following questions: 1×4=4
 - (a) Define Public Policy.
 - (b) "Public Administration is policy making." who said this?
 - (c) Who is considered as the father of Public Policy?
 - (d) What is policy formulation?
 - (e) What is the meaning of policy implementation?

- **8.** Answer any *one* from the following questions:
 - (a) Mention any two types of public policy.

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- (b) Mention two characteristics of public policy.
- **9.** Answer any *one* from the following questions:
 - (a) Discuss any two theories of public policy with limitations. 4+4=8
 - (b) Explain the relevance of policy making in Public Administration.

UNIT-IV

- 10. Answer any four from the following questions: 1×4=4
 - (a) Which Conference was a landmark in the evolution of development administration?
 - (b) Write the full form of NPM.
 - (c) Mention any one element of development administration.
 - (d) Name the Indian civil servant who first coined the term 'Development Administration'.
 - (e) What is traditional administration?

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(10)

one from the following 11. Answer any questions:

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(Continued)

- Mention any two events responsible for the birth and growth of Development Administration.
- (b) How does Fred W. Riggs define Development Administration?
- one from the following 12. Answer anv questions:
 - Explain the meaning of New Public Management. How is it different from New Public Administration? 4+4=8
 - difference between Discuss the traditional administration and development administration. Mention criticisms levelled against two development administration. 6+2=8

UNIT-V

- 13. Answer any following four from the questions: $1 \times 4 = 4$
 - Define New Public Management.
 - Which country was the pioneer in the NPM reforms?

- Who wrote, Reinventing Government?
- In which year did the concept of NPM emerge?
- "New **Public** Management is performance-oriented." Write whether this statement is True or False.
- the following 14. Answer any one from questions:

Write two characteristics of New Public Management.

- (b) Mention any two factors behind the emergence of New Public Management.
- following 15. Answer anv one from the questions:
 - (a) Write a note on the development of New Public Management.
 - (b) Write a note on the importance of the New Public Management. Mention any three criticisms levelled against NPM.

5+3=8

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(10)

- 11. Answer any *one* from the following questions:
 - 2

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- (a) Mention any two events responsible for the birth and growth of Development Administration.
- (b) How does Fred W. Riggs define Development Administration?
- **12.** Answer any *one* from the following questions:
 - (a) Explain the meaning of New Public

 Management. How is it different from

 New Public Administration? 4+4=8
 - (b) Discuss the difference between traditional administration and development administration. Mention two criticisms levelled against development administration. 6+2=8

UNIT-V

- **13.** Answer any *four* from the following questions: 1×4=4
 - (a) Define New Public Management.
 - (b) Which country was the pioneer in the NPM reforms?

- (c) Who wrote, Reinventing Government?
- (d) In which year did the concept of NPM emerge?
- (e) "New Public Management is performance-oriented." Write whether this statement is True or False.
- **14.** Answer any *one* from the following questions:
 - (a) Write two characteristics of New Public Management.
 - (b) Mention any two factors behind the emergence of New Public Management.
- **15.** Answer any *one* from the following questions:
 - (a) Write a note on the development of New Public Management.
 - (b) Write a note on the importance of the New Public Management. Mention any three criticisms levelled against NPM.

5+3=8

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