2024/TDC (CBCS)/EVEN/SEM/ CHMHCC-403T/304

TDC (CBCS) Even Semester Exam., 2024

CHEMISTRY

(4th Semester)

Course No.: CHMHCC-403T

(Physical Chemistry—IV)

Full Marks: 50
Pass Marks: 20

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

UNIT-1

1. Answer any two questions:

2×2=4

- (a) State and explain Kohlrausch law of independent migration of ions with a suitable example.
- (b) Deduce the relation between equivalent conductivity and normality.
- (c) What is Debye-Falkenhagen effect?

24J**/907**

(Turn Over)

(2)

2.	Answer any one question:	6
	(a) Give an account of Debye-Hückel theory	

- (a) Give an account of Debye-Hückel theory
 of strong electrolyte. Explain clearly
 asymmetric effect and electrophoretic
 effect. 3+3=6
- (b) (i) The conductivity of a solution containing 1 g BaCl₂ in 200 cm³ of water is 0.0058 S cm⁻¹. What are the molar conductivity and equivalent conductivity of the solution? (At. wt. of Ba = 137)
 - (ii) Write a short note on Wien effect. 3

UNIT-2

- 3. Answer any two questions: $2 \times 2 = 4$
 - (a) What is the solubility product constant expression for—
 - (i) potassium chromate;
 - (ii) aluminium sulphide?
 - (b) Discuss the factors affecting transport number.
 - (c) Explain the determination of ionic product of water using conductance measurement.

4. Answer any one question:

(i) The conductivity of а (a) AgCl solution of rated $1.382\times10^{-6}\,\mathrm{Scm}^{-1}$. Find its conductance solubility, if ionic at infinite of Ag⁺ and Cl⁻ dilution are 61.9 S cm2 mol-1 and 76.3 S cm² mol⁻¹ respectively.

(ii) Explain how transference number can be determined by Hittrof's method.

(iii) Define transference number with respect to cation and anion.

(b) (i) What is the principle of conductometric titration? Mention two advantages of conductometric titration. 2+1=3

(ii) Explain how conductance measurement is useful in determining the degree of dissociation of a weak electrolyte.

UNIT-3

5. Answer any two questions:

(a) One faraday of electricity deposits one mol of Na from the molten salt but $\frac{1}{3}$ mol of Al from an aluminium salt. Why?

24J**/907**

(Turn Over)

6

2

3

1

3

 $2 \times 2 = 4$

3

6

3

3

3

(4)

- (b) Explain the role of salt bridge in a galvanic cell.
- (c) Write the electrode reaction, net reaction and cell notation for an electrode reversible with respect to anion.
- 6. Answer any one question:
 - (a) (i) An aqueous solution of CuSO₄ is electrolyzed using platinum-electrodes in one case and copper-electrodes in another case. Will the products of electrolysis be same or different? Give reason.
 - (ii) A current of 4 ampere was passed for 1.5 hours through a solution of CuSO₄, when 3.2 g of copper was deposited. Calculate the current efficiency.
 - (b) (i) Explain the electrolytic extraction of aluminium from alumina by Hall-Heroult process with a suitable diagram.
 - (ii) Derive Nernst equation and mention its application. 2+1=3

UNIT--4

7. Answer any two questions:

 $2 \times 2 = 4$

- (a) Write a brief note on concentration cell.
- (b) Explain the principle of potentiometric titration with reference to redox reaction.
- (c) Write the relation and explain the terms for entropy change with e.m.f.
- 8. Answer any one question:

6

3

3

- (a) (i) Derive the relation between entropy change and e.m.f. of a cell.
 - (ii) Derive an expression using e.m.f. to determine the pH of an unknown solution by using a hydrogen electrode.

(b) Derive the expression for the e.m.f. of concentration cells (i) with transference and (ii) without transference. 3+3=6

UNIT-5

9. Answer any two questions:

 $2 \times 2 = 4$

- (a) How does polarization depend on temperature? Explain.
- (b) Define ferromagnetism with example.
- (c) Explain dielectric electrostatistics.

(Continued)

(Turn Over)

CENTRAL LIBRARY N.C.COLLEGE

(6)

10.	Answer any one question:			
	(a)	(i)	Derive Lorentz-Lorenz equation.	2
		(ii)	Write short notes on diamagnetism	n
			and paramagnetism.	2+2=4
	(b)	(i)	Deduce Clausius-Mossotti equation	ւ. 3
		(ii)	What is dipole moment? How can dipole moment be measured usin	
				l+2=3