2024/TDC (CBCS)/EVEN/SEM/ CHMHCC-401T/302

TDC (CBCS) Even Semester Exam., 2024

CHEMISTRY

(4th Semester)

Course No.: CHMHCC-401T

(Coordination Chemistry and its Application)

Full Marks: 50
Pass Marks: 20

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

UNIT-I

1. Answer any two questions:

 $2 \times 2 = 4$

- (a) Draw crystal-field splitting diagram of a square-planar complex.
- (b) Calculate the CFSE (Dq) for a d^4 high-spin octahedral system.
- (c) Write the factors affecting the magnitude of crystal field splitting.

(Turn Over)

- 2. Answer any one question: 6
 - (a) (i) Compare the CFSE of $Co(H_2O)_6^{]2+}$ and $Co(NH_3)_6^{]3+}$ in terms of Δ_o and P.
 - (ii) Explain the consequence of Jahn-Teller effect on the structure of CuCl₆³⁴⁻.
 - (b) (i) Based on CFT, predict the magnetic moment of [Ni(NH₃)₄]SO₄. 3
 - (ii) What is spectrochemical series? Calculate and comment on the CFSE of Fe(H_2O)₅ $^{12+}$. 1+2=3

UNIT-II

- 3. Answer any two questions: 2×2=4
 - (a) Write the IUPAC names (2005) of the following: 1×2=2

(i)
$$\left[(en)_2 Co \stackrel{NH_2}{\bigcirc} Co (en)_2 \right] (SO_4)_2$$

- (ii) $[Co(NH_3)_6][Cr(C_2O_4)_3]$
- (b) Distinguish between ambidentate and flexidentate ligands with suitable examples.

- (c) What is chelate complex? Give an example. 1+1=2
- 4. Answer any one question:
 - (a) (i) What is meant by terminal ligand?

 Compare such a ligand with a bridging ligand. Define nuclearity of a complex.

 1+1+1=3

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 $2 \times 2 = 4$

- (ii) Taking suitable example, describe the possible stereochemistries for a complex of type $[ML_5]$.
- (b) (i) What is meant by flexidentate character of polydentate ligand? Give example.
 - (ii) What type of isomerism is exhibited by $[Co(NH_3)_5 X]Cl_2 (X = NO_2)$? Give the formula and IUPAC nomenclature of the isomers.

UNIT-III

- 5. Answer any two questions:
 - (a) Compounds of Mn(VII) are intensely coloured while those of Mn(II) are almost colourless. Explain.

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(4)

- (b) Why are 4d and 5d elements chemically so similar?
- (c) Cu(NH₃)₄¹²⁺ is intense blue in colour. Explain.
- 6. Answer any one question:

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- (a) (i) What is chromyl chloride test? Can this test be performed on aqueous solution containing Cl⁻?
 - (ii) Why does chromium exist as $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$ in acidic medium, whereas in alkaline medium as CrO_4^{2-} ?
 - (iii) Which one of Cr²⁺ or Cr³⁺ is stable in aqueous solutions? Give reasons.
- (b) (i) Give reasons why—
 - (1) in aqueous solution, Cu(I) having d^{10} configuration is less stable than Cu(II) having d^9 configuration;
 - (2) ZnO is yellow when hot and white when cold;
 - (3) Zn^{++} compounds are colourless. 1+1+1=3

- (ii) Examine feasibility of the reaction $Sn + Cu^{2+} \rightarrow Sn^{2+} + Cu$ given that $E_{Sn^{2+}/Sn}^{\circ} = -0.136 \text{ V}$ and $E_{Cu^{2+}/Cu}^{\circ} = +0.34 \text{ V}.$ 2
- (iii) Comment on the colour of scandium(III) ion.

UNIT-IV

7. Answer any two questions:

- 2×2=4
- (a) Write down the sets of quantum numbers that define the 4f atomic orbitals.
- (b) What is meant by lanthanide contraction?
- (c) Discuss the main differences in the chemistry of lanthanides and actinides.
- 8. Answer any one question:

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(a) (i) Lanthanum exhibits +3 oxidation state, whereas certain other elements of lanthanum series show +2 and +4 also. Explain.

(Turn Over)

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(ii)	"Although Ce^{3+} has f -electron, it	
	does not show colour." Explain.	2

two applications (iii) Mention lanthanide materials. 1

(i) Write general electronic confi-(b) guration of lanthanides and explain the trends in ionic radii of M3+ of this class. 1+2=3

> (ii) Why is Ce⁴⁺ a strong oxidizing agent whereas Sm2+ is a reducing agent?

9. Answer any two questions:

(a) Define essential elements in biological system. Give two examples of essential 1+1=2 trace elements.

- (b) Describe the toxic effects of CN ion on human health.
- (c) Discuss the role of iron in biological function.

10. Answer any one question: 6

(i) What are heavy metals? Explain the (a) toxic effects of mercury on human health. 1+2=3

(ii)	What a	are	the	functions	of
, ,	hemoglob	bin	and	myoglobin	in
	biological system?				

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(i) What is chelation therapy? Give one (b) example of its application in detoxification of lead and arsenic. 1+1+1=3

> (ii) Can a metal be toxic as well as essential for a living being? Explain with example.

(iii) Suggest one antidote for mercury 1 poisoning.

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