

**2023/TDC(CBCS)/ODD/SEM/
HISDSE-502T (A/B)/299**

TDC (CBCS) Odd Semester Exam., 2023

HISTORY

(5th Semester)

Course No. : HISDSE-502T

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 28

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Candidates have to answer *either* Option—A
or Option—B

OPTION—A

Course No. : HISDSE-502T (A)

(Making of Contemporary India)

SECTION—A

Answer *twenty* questions, selecting any *four* from
each Unit : 1×20=20

Unit—I

1. When was the Indian Constitution adopted?
2. When did the first meeting of the Constituent Assembly take place?

(2)

3. Name one member of the Constituent Assembly.
4. How many members were there in the Constituent Assembly?
5. How many Fundamental Rights are there in the Indian Constitution?

Unit—II

6. When was the first States Reorganization Commission constituted?
7. When was the States Reorganization Act passed?
8. Who was given the task of integrating the Princely States.
9. When did Junagarh become a part of the Indian Union?
10. When did Kashmir sign 'Instrument of Accession' with the Indian Union?

(3)

Unit—III

11. When was the First Five-Year Plan launched in India?
12. Mention one aim of the First Five-Year Plan.
13. Who is responsible for formulating the Five-Year Plans in India?
14. Mention the tenure of the Second Five-Year Plan.
15. Write one limitation of the Second Five-Year Plan.

Unit—IV

16. When was Tibet annexed by China?
17. When did India sign the Panchsheel Agreement?
18. In which year was the Tashkent Declaration signed?
19. Who was the Prime Minister of India during the Tashkent Declaration?
20. Mention one cause behind the Indo-China War of 1962.

(4)

Unit—V

21. In which year was the Central Refugee Board established in Silchar?
22. Mention the name of the female martyr of Language Movement of Barak Valley, 1961.
23. Mention one provision of the Assam State Official Language Act, 1960.
24. Name the Commission constituted at official level to enquire into the May 19 Killings.
25. Who took part from Cachar in the All India Refugee Conference held at Gauhati in 1952?

SECTION—B

Answer *five* questions, selecting *one* from each
Unit : 2×5=10

Unit—I

26. What is Preamble?
27. What are the Directive Principles of State Policy?

Unit—II

28. Name two Princely States of eastern India which joined the Union of India.
29. What were the main provisions of the States Reorganization Act?

(5)

Unit—III

30. Name two objectives of the Planning Commission.
31. Write two aims of the Second Five-Year Plan.

Unit—IV

32. Mention two principles of Panchsheel.
33. Write two provisions of the Tashkent Declaration.

Unit—V

34. Mention the names of two prominent leaders of the Cachar Gana Sangram Parishad.
35. Write two provisions of Shastri Formula.

SECTION—C

Answer *five* questions, selecting *one* from each
Unit : 8×5=40

Unit—I

36. How did the Constituent Assembly frame the Indian Constitution?
37. Give an account of the fundamental rights incorporated in the Indian Constitution.

(6)

Unit—II

38. How were the Princely States of Junagarh and Hyderabad integrated into the Indian Union?
39. Trace the history of the reorganization of Indian States based on language.

Unit—III

40. Form an estimate of the history of economic planning in India.
41. Analyze the First Five-Year Plan in India.

Unit—IV

42. Review the main causes of the Sino-Indian War of 1962.
43. Make a critical assessment of the role of India in the emergence of Bangladesh.

Unit—V

44. How did the Partition of India leave its mark on the destiny of Barak Valley.
45. Give an account of the Language Movement in Barak Valley, 1961.

(7)

OPTION—B

Course No. : HISDSE-502T (B)

(Historiography)

SECTION—A

Answer *twenty* questions, selecting any *four* from each Unit : 1×20=20

Unit—I

1. What is historiography?
2. Name the author of '*What Is History?*'.
3. Who is regarded as the father of archaeology?
4. What do you mean by chronological thinking?
5. "History is an unending dialogue between the past and present." Who said this?

Unit—II

6. What is historical objectivity?
7. "Objectivity is the language of history." Who said this?

(8)

8. What is the origin of causation?
9. Mention one source of objectivity.
10. Mention one criterion of causation.

Unit—III

11. "History is past politics and politics is present history." Who said this?
12. Name one economic historian.
13. Write one similarity between history and geography.
14. "Geography is an eye of history." Who said this?
15. State one relationship between history and anthropology.

Unit—IV

16. What is historical materialism?
17. Name one major trend in historiography.
18. Who wrote the book, *Feudal Society*?

(9)

19. Name one Subaltern historian.
20. Who was Arnold Toynbee?

Unit—V

21. When was the Asiatic Society of Bengal established?
22. Name one book written by Sir Jadunath Sarkar.
23. Who was known as the Grand Old Man of India?
24. Who wrote the book, *First War of Indian Independence*?
25. Name one Marxist historian.

SECTION—B

Answer five questions, selecting one from each
Unit : 2×5=10

Unit—I

26. Mention two archival sources.
27. Mention two natures of history.

(10)

Unit—II

28. Write two problems of historical objectivity.

29. State two rules of causation.

Unit—III

30. Mention two similarities between history and sociology.

31. What is anthropology?

Unit—IV

32. What do you mean by empiricism?

33. Who was L. v. Ranke?

Unit—V

34. What is orientalist historiography?

35. Name any two Nationalist historians.

(11)

SECTION—C

Answer *five* questions, selecting *one* from each

Unit : 8×5=40

Unit—I

36. Define history. Discuss the nature and scope of history. 2+3+3=8

37. What do you mean by primary source? Write a note on different types of primary sources used for the reconstruction of Indian history. 2+6=8

Unit—II

38. Give an account of the objectivity in history.

39. Review the periodization of Indian history.

Unit—III

40. Examine the relationship between history and political science.

41. Discuss the relation of history with archaeology and anthropology. 4+4=8

(12)

Unit—IV

42. Give an account of the contribution of Herodotus to history.
43. Discuss the contribution of A. J. Toynbee to the development of historical materialism.

Unit—V

44. Discuss the main features of the Nationalist historiography of India.
45. Analyze the main ideas related to the colonial historiography of India.

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