2021/TDC (CBCS)/EVEN/SEM/ MTMDSE-601T/128

TDC (CBCS) Even Semester Exam., September—2021

MATHEMATICS

(6th Semester)

Course No.: MTMDSE-601T

Full Marks: 70
Pass Marks: 28

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

The Candidates have to answer either from Option—A or Option—B or Option—C

OPTION-A

Course No.: MTMDSE-601T (A)

(Linear Programming)

SECTION—A

Answer any twenty of the following questions:

1×20=20

1. Let x be the number of items produced in a factory per week. It is required to produce at least 200 items. Write the corresponding constraints.

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(Turn Over)

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- 2. The profit earned by a company on products A, B and C are 5, 6 and 3 per unit respectively. The company sells x_1 , x_2 and x_3 units of A, B and C respectively. Write the corresponding objective functions.
- 3. If (2, 7) = x(1, 0) + y(1, 1) in \mathbb{E}^2 , then find x and y.
- **4.** Write a basis of the three-dimensional Euclidean space.
- 5. Define line segment in \mathbb{E}^n .
- **6.** Define hyperplane in \mathbb{E}^n .
- 7. Give an example of a set in \mathbb{E}^2 that is not convex.
- 8. Define convex polyhedron.
- 9. To solve an LPP using simplex method, what should be the nature of the objective function?
- 10. What type of constraints should an LPP have in order to be solvable using simplex method?

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- 11. Name two methods for solving an LPP involving artificial variables.
- 12. While solving an LPP by Big-M method, what can you conclude in the situation where optimality conditions are satisfied but at least one artificial variable is present in the basis at positive level?
- 13. Find an initial basic feasible solution of the following LPP:

Maximize
$$Z = 3x + 5y$$

subject to

$$2x-3y \le 5$$

$$7x+4y \le 8$$

$$x, y \ge 0$$

- 14. How many artificial variables are required for solving an LPP having two ≥ constraints with positive RHS?
- 15. In Big-M method, what is the cost assigned to each artificial variable?
- 16. What is the auxiliary objective function in two-phase method?
- 17. If there are 5 variables in the primal, how many constraints will be there in the dual?

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- 18. If the 3rd variable in the primal is unrestricted in sign, what can you say about the 3rd constraint in the dual?
- 19. State the necessary and sufficient condition for a transportation problem to have a feasible solution.
- **20.** Write the expression for the objective function of a general transportation problem.
- **21.** When is a transportation problem said to be unbalanced?
- **22.** Which cell receives the first allocation in the north-west corner rule?
- 23. How is penalty calculated in Vogel's approximation method?
- 24. How will you convert an unbalanced transportation problem where total supply is more than the total demand to a balanced one?
- **25.** In optimality test for transportation problem, what is the relation between C_{ij} , u_i and v_j for occupied cell? Here the symbols have their usual meanings.

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- **26.** Write the expression for cell evaluation for empty cells in performing optimality test for transportation problem.
- 27. Write the condition for the solution of transportation problem to be optimal and unique.
- **28.** When is the initial solution to a transportation problem said to be degenerate?
- **29.** Write the explicit form of the allocation x_{ij} in an assignment problem.
- **30.** Name a method to solve an assignment problem.
- 31. In an assignment problem, how many jobs can be assigned to a person?
- **32.** When is an assignment problem said to be unbalanced?
- 33. What is payoff matrix?
- 34. What is finite game?
- 35. What is two persons zero-sum game?

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- 36. State the minimax principle.
- 37. What is pure strategy?
- 38. What is mixed strategy?
- 39. When is a game said to have a saddle point?
- 40. What is a symmetric game?

SECTION-B

Answer any five of the following questions:

41. Plot the feasible region for an LPP with the following constraints:

$$2x+3y \le 6$$
$$x-y \le 1$$
$$x \ge 1, y \ge 0$$

42. Justify if the set

$$S = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{E}^2 \mid x^2 + y^2 = 1\}$$

is a convex set.

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43. Construct the coefficient matrix for an LPP with the following constraints after introducing slack variables, if necessary:

$$x+y-3z \le 8$$
$$2x+7y \le 9$$
$$x, y, z \ge 0$$

- **44.** Write the subsequent steps to be followed in Big-M method once the optimality criterion is satisfied at any iteration.
- •45. Write the dual of the LPP:

Maximize
$$Z = 3x_1 + 4x_2$$

subject to the constraints

$$x-7y \le 3$$

$$2x+3y \le 6$$

$$x+y \ge 2$$

$$x, y \ge 0$$

46. Find an initial basic feasible solution of the following transportation problem:

		Destinations			
		$D_{\mathbf{l}}$	D_2	D ₃	
	$s_{\mathbf{i}}$	3	10	2] 15
Sources	S_2	1	5	7	20
	S_3	8	3	2	25
		20	18	22	_

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47. Check if the following solution to the transportation problem is optimal:

	M_1	M_2	M_3	M_4	
F_1	1	2	4	5	20
F_2	6	4	2	3	20
F_3	5	4	8	2	30
_	15	25	15	15	•

 F_1 to M_1 —15 units, F_1 to M_2 —5 units, F_2 to M_2 —20 units, F_3 to M_3 —15 units, F_3 to M_4 —15 units

48. Write the starting cost matrix for the following assignment problem:

		Machines			
			II	Ш	IV
	A	8	26	17	11
7-1	B	13	28	4	26
Jobs	C	38	19	18	15
	D	19	26	24	10

either one ball or two balls which they have in their bags. If the number of balls drawn by B is the same as that drawn by A, then A wins and gets one rupee from B. On the other hand, if the numbers are not the same, then B wins and gets one rupee from A. Construct the payoff matrix for this game.

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50. Find saddle point, if any, for the game whose payoff matrix is

		В			
		<i>B</i> ₁	B ₂	<i>B</i> ₃	<i>B</i> ₄
	A_1	1	7	3	4
A	A_2	5	6	4	5
	A_1 A_2 A_3	7	2	0	3

SECTION-C

Answer any five of the following questions: 8×5=40

51. (a) A company manufactures two types of lamps A and B. Both the lamps go through two technicians, first a cutter and second a finisher. Lamp A requires 2 hours of cutter's time and 3 hours of finisher's time. Lamp B requires 1 hour of cutter's time and 2 hours of finisher's time. The cutter has 120 hours and the finisher has at most 100 hours of duty per month. Profit on lamp A is \$6 per unit and on lamp B is \$3 per unit. The company wants to produce at least 50 units of lamp A per month. Formulate this problem as an LPP so as to maximize the profit.

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(b) Solve the following graphically:

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subject to

$$5x + 3y \ge 15$$

$$-x + y \le 3$$

$$x \le 4$$

$$y \ge 3$$

$$x, y \ge 0$$

Minimize Z = 3x + 5y

52. (a) Find all the basic solutions of

$$x-y+2z=1$$

$$2x-2y+3z=2$$

- (b) Show that arbitrary intersection of convex sets in \mathbb{E}^n is convex.
- 53. (a) Write the following LPP in standard form, using slack or surplus whereas necessary:

Maximize $Z = x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3$ subject to

$$x_1 - 2x_2 \ge 3$$

$$2x_1 + 4x_2 + x_3 \le 8$$

$$x_1 + 7x_3 \le 5$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$$

(11)

(b) Solve the following by simplex method:

Maximize
$$Z = 3x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3$$

subject to

$$2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \le 2$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 \le 5$$

$$2x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 \le 6$$

 $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$

54. (a) Write the steps involved in solving an LPP using two-phase method.

(b) Solve the following LPP: 5

Maximize $Z = -2x_1 - x_2$ subject to

$$3x_1 + x_2 = 3$$

$$4x_1 + 3x_2 \ge 6$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \le 4$$

$$x_1, x_2 \ge 0$$

55. (a) Write the dual of the problem

Minimize $Z = x_1 - x_2 + 7x_3$ subject to the constraints

$$3x_{1} - 7x_{2} \ge 5$$

$$x_{1} + x_{2} + x_{3} \le 7$$

$$4x_{1} - 5x_{2} + 4x_{3} \le 8$$

$$x_{1}, x_{2} \ge 0$$

and x_3 is unrestricted in sign.

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(b) Find an initial basic feasible solution of the following transportation problem using matrix minima method and check if the solution is optimal:

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		Markets			
		M_1	M_2	M_3	
	s_{i}	4	8	15	30
Sources	S_2	7	3	5	40
	s_3	4	7	1	20
	S ₄	2	2	5	10
	_	30	40	30	_

56. (a) Write the steps to be adopted in order to solve an unbalanced transportation problem.

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(b) Find an initial basic feasible solution of the following transportation problem using Vogel's approximation method:

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_	$D_{\mathbf{l}}$	D_2	D ₃	_
$S_{\mathbf{i}}$	2	7	4	5
S ₁ S ₂ S ₃ S ₄	3	3	1	8
S_3	5	4	7	7
S_4	1	6	2	14
_	7	9	18	

(13)

57. (a) Find an optimal solution of the following transportation problem:

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	$D_{\mathbf{l}}$	D_2	D_3	D ₄	
0 ₁ 0 ₂ 0 ₃	10	7	3	6	3
02	1	6	8	3	3 5
O_3	7	4	5	3	7
-	3	2	6	4	

(b) Write a brief note on the resolution of degeneracy in a transportation problem.

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58. (a) Solve the assignment problem:

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	I	11	Ш	IV
A	8	26	17	11
B	13	28	4	26
C	38	19	18	15
D	19	26	24	10

(b) Write the steps involved in solving an assignment problem by Hungarian method.

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59. (a) Solve the following game whose payoff matrix is given by

		11	Ш	IV
I	-5	3	1	20
II .	5	5	4	6
II .	-4	-2	0	-5

Show that the game is strictly determinable.

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(Turn Over)

(14)

(b) For what value of a, the game with the following payoff matrix is strictly determinable:

	I	П	Ш
I	а	5	2
11	-1	а	-8
Ш	-2	3	а

60. (a) Solve the game with the following payoff matrix:

1	3
4	2

(b) Solve graphically:

	B_1	<i>B</i> ₂	<i>B</i> ₃
Ą	1	3	11
A ₂	8	5	2

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OPTION—B

(For Pass Students)

Course No.: MTMDSE-601T (B)

(Complex Analysis)

SECTION-A

Answer any twenty of the following questions:

1×20=20

- 1. Write the equation of a circle with centre at (-2, 1) and radius 4.
- 2. Express -5+5i in polar form.
- 3. Show that $\overline{(z)} = z$.
- 4. In the set of complex numbers, write the multiplicative identity.
- 5. Find the principal argument of -7-5i.
- 6. Give a geometrical interpretation of

$$|z_1 + z_2| \le |z_1| + |z_2|$$

7. Prove that

$$e^{i\theta} = e^{i(\theta + 2k\pi)}, k = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \cdots$$

8. What is the area of a parallelogram having sides z_1 and z_2 ?

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- **9.** Define limit of a function f(z) at z_0 .
- 10. For what values of z

$$f(z) = \frac{z}{z^2 + 1}$$

is continuous?

- 11. Define singularity of f(z).
- 12. Define analytic function.
- 13. Give an example of a function which is continuous at a point but is not analytic at that point.
- 14. Name the singularity of the function

$$\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)$$

at z=0.

15. Evaluate:

$$\lim_{z\to 0}\frac{1-\cos z}{z^2}$$

16. Evaluate $\frac{dw}{dz}$, where

$$w = \frac{1+z}{1-z}$$

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- 17. Define simply connected region.
- 18. If a and b are any two points in the region R and F'(z) = f(z), then what is the value of $\int_a^b f(z) dz$?
- 19. Evaluate $\int_C \overline{z} dz$, from z = 0 to z = 4 + 2i along the curve C given by $z = t^2 + it$.
- 20. Define contour integral.
- **21.** Evaluate $\int_C (z-z_0)$, where C is any simple closed curve and z_0 is a constant.
- **22.** Find

$$\int_0^1 z e^{2z} dz$$

- 23. Evaluate $\oint_C \frac{dz}{z-a}$, where C is any simple closed curve and z=a is outside C.
- 24. Evaluate

$$\int_{i}^{2-i} (3xy + iy^2) dz$$

along the straight line joining z=i and z=2-i.

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- 25. State Cauchy's integral formula for f'(a).
- 26. Evaluate

$$\frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_C \frac{e^z}{z-2} dz$$

if C is the circle |z|=3.

- 27. State Cauchy's inequality.
- 28. Evaluate $\int_C \frac{z+2}{z} dz$, where C is the circle |z|=1.
- **29.** State Cauchy's integral formula for all positive integral values of n.
- **30.** Evaluate $\oint_C \frac{e^{iz}}{z^3} dz$, where C is the circle |z| = 2.
- 31. Find the value of

$$\oint_C \frac{\sin^6 z}{z - \frac{\pi}{6}} dz$$

if C is the circle |z|=1.

32. Evaluate $\oint_C \frac{e^z}{(z+1)^2} dz$, where C is the circle |z|=3.

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- 33. Define an integral function.
- **34.** What is the region of convergence in the Taylor series of the function $f(z) = \sin z$?
- 35. Determine the zeroes of

$$f(z) = z^4 - z^2 - 2z + 2$$

- 36. State Maclaurin series.
- 37. State the condition for the validity of the expansion of a function as a Taylor series.
- **38.** Write the expansion of e^{-z} as Taylor series within the region of convergence.
- **39.** Write the condition under which $tan^{-1}z$ can be expanded as a Taylor series.
- 40. What is the Taylor series expansion of

$$\log\left(\frac{1+z}{1-z}\right)$$

at z = 0?

(20)

SECTION-B

Answer any five of the following questions: 2×5=10

41. Find real numbers x and y such that

$$3x + 2iy - ix + 5y = 7 + 5i$$

42. If z_1 and z_2 are two complex numbers, show that

$$|z_1 + z_2|^2 + |z_1 - z_2|^2 = 2(|z_1|^2 + |z_2|^2)$$

43. If

$$f(z) = \begin{cases} z^2, & z \neq i \\ 0, & z = i \end{cases}$$

show that f(z) is not continuous at z = i.

- **44.** Prove that $u = y^3 3x^2y$ is a harmonic function.
- **45.** Define the definite integral of f(z) from a to b along a rectifiable arc L.
- 46. State Cauchy-Goursat theorem.
- 47. Evaluate

$$\int_C \frac{1}{z(z-2)} dz$$

where C is the circle |z|=1.

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- 48. State Cauchy's integral formula.
- 49. Expand

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{(z+1)(z+3)}$$

in a series valid for the region |z| < 1.

50. State Taylor's theorem of an analytic function f(z).

SECTION-C

Answer any five of the following questions:

8×5=40

51. (a) If z_1 , z_2 and z_3 are the vertices of an isosceles triangle right angled at the vertex z_2 , prove that

$$z_1^2 + 2z_2^2 + z_3^2 = 2z_2(z_1 + z_3)$$

(b) Give geometrical interpretation of

$$\arg\left(\frac{z-\alpha}{z-\beta}\right)$$

- **52.** (a) Find the equation of the circle having the line joining z_1 and z_2 as diameter.
 - (b) If z_1 and z_2 are two non-zero complex numbers such that $|z_1 + z_2| = |z_1| + |z_2|$, then find $arg(z_1) arg(z_2)$.

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- 53. (a) Derive Cauchy-Riemann partial differential equation.
 - (b) Show that an analytic function with constant modulus is constant.

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- **54.** (a) If $u = e^x(x\cos y y\sin y)$, find the analytic function u + iv.
 - (b) Prove that if

$$u = x^2 - y^2$$
, $v = -y/(x^2 + y^2)$

both u and v satisfy Laplace's equation but u+iv is not an analytic function of z.

55. (a) Evaluate

$$I = \int_{(0,1)}^{(2,5)} (3x+y) dx + (2y-x) dy$$

along-

- (i) the curve $y = x^2 + 1$
- (ii) the line joining (0, 1) and (2, 5) 2+2=4
- (b) Evaluate $\int (\overline{z})^2 dz$ around the circle |z-1|=1.
- **56.** (a) Prove that a line integral of f(z) over an arc L depends only on the end points of L.

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(b) If a function f(z) is continuous on a contour L of length l and if M be the upper bound of |f(z)| on L, i.e., $|f(z)| \le M$ on L, then prove that

$$\left| \int_{L} f(z) \, dz \right| \leq ML \tag{4}$$

57. (a) Let f(z) be analytic function within and on the boundary C of a simply connected region D and let z_0 be any point within C, then show that

$$f'(z_0) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_C \frac{f(z)}{(z - z_0)^2} dz$$

(b) Evaluate

$$\int_C \frac{e^{ax}}{z^2 + 1} dz$$

where C is the circle |z|=2, x=Re(z).

58. (a) Evaluate

$$\int_C \frac{dz}{z^2 + 2z + 2}$$

where C is the square having vertices at (0, 0), (-2, 0), (-2, -2) and (0, 2) oriented in anticlockwise direction.

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(b) State and prove Morera's theorem. 5

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- 59. (a) State and prove Liouville's theorem. 4
 - (b) Obtain the Taylor's series for

$$f(z) = \frac{z^2 - 1}{(z+2)(z+3)}$$

in the region 2 < |z| < 3.

4

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- **60.** (a) State and prove fundamental theorem of algebra.
 - (b) Expand $\log(1+z)$ in a Taylor's series about z=0 and determine the region of convergence for the resulting series.

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OPTION—C

Course No.: MTMDSE-601T (C)

(Object-Oriented Programming in C++)

SECTION-A

Answer any *twenty* of the following as directed: 1×20=20

- 1. Which header file is used at the beginning of C++ program?
- 2. Write the name of the common function which is used in the beginning and end of both C and C++ program.
- 3. What is the meaning of iostream?
- 4. What is the full form of 'cin'?
- 5. What is the full form of 'cout'?
- **6.** C++ is a ____ of C language.

 (Fill in the blank)
- 7. Can C and C++ program compile in a same compiler?
- 8. What does the modulus operator "%' do?

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- 9. By how much does the increment operator increase the value of a variable?
- 10. What is the key to reusability in objectoriented programming?
- 11. What is inheritance?
- 12. What is polymorphism?
- 13. Define data abstraction.
- 14. How is OOP a natural way of programming?
- 15. What are arrays?
- 16. What is an abstract class?
- 17. What is the use of delete operator?
- 18. What is the purpose of an ADT?
- 19. What is a base class?
- 20. What is a derived class?

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- 21. What is a constructor?
- **22.** State the use of static data member of a class.
- 23. What is virtual base class?
- 24. State the use of keyword 'private'.
- 25. What is the use of 'public' keyword?
- 26. What is a friend function in C++?
- 27. Which keyword is used to represent a friend function?
- 28. What symbol is used to represent scope resolution operator?
- 29. What is static class member?
- 30. What is class templete?
- 31. What is operator overloading?
- 32. Write the syntax of an operator function.
- 33. How many arguments are required in the definition of an overloaded unary operator?

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34. Operator functions never return a value.

(Write True or False)

35. The overloaded operator must have at least one operand that is user-defined type.

(Write True or False)

36. Friend functions cannot be used to overload operators.

(Write True or False)

37. A constructor can be used to convert a basic type to a class type data.

(Write True or False)

38. Operator overloading works when applied to class objects only.

(Write True or False)

- 39. What is the utility of using 'endl' in C++ program?
- **40.** What is the meaning of '&&' symbol in C++ programming?

(29)

SECTION—B

Answer any five of the following questions:

2×5=10

- **41.** If a = 100 and b = 4, then determine the result of the following:
 - (a) a+=b
 - (b) a% = b
- **42.** What is the need of object-oriented programming paradigm?
- 43. Define encapsulation.
- 44. Write any two advantages of inheritance.
- **45.** Write down the syntax and example to create a class.
- 46. Define reference variable. Give its syntax.
- 47. What is the need of abstract class in C++?
- **48.** What is the need of overloading operators and functions?

(30)

49.	Write	any	two	advantages	of	C++	over	C.
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50. What is the difference between 'call by value' and 'call by reference'?

SECTION—C

Answer any five of the following questions:

8×5=40

51. Explain the structure of C++ program with example.

52. (a) What is object-oriented programming?

How is it different from the procedureoriented programming?

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(b) What are the unique advantages of an object-oriented paradigm? 2

53. What are the different ways to define member functions of a class? What is the role of scope resolution operator in the definition of member function?

54. Write a C++ program to read two numbers from the keyboard and display the larger value on the screen.

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55.	Write a program to add two complex numbers using object as arguments.	8
56.	Write a C++ program to calculate the roots of a quadratic equation by initializing the object using default constructor.	8
57.	A friend function cannot be used to overload the assignment operator =. Explain why. When is a friend function compulsory? Give an example. 5+1+2	=8
58.	Write a C++ program to convert temperature from Fahrenheit to Centigrade and vice versa.	8
59.	Write down the rules for overloading operators.	8
60.	Write a C++ program to multiply the private members of two classes using a friend function.	8

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